

New England Adaptive Silviculture for Climate Change: Dartmouth's Second College Grant



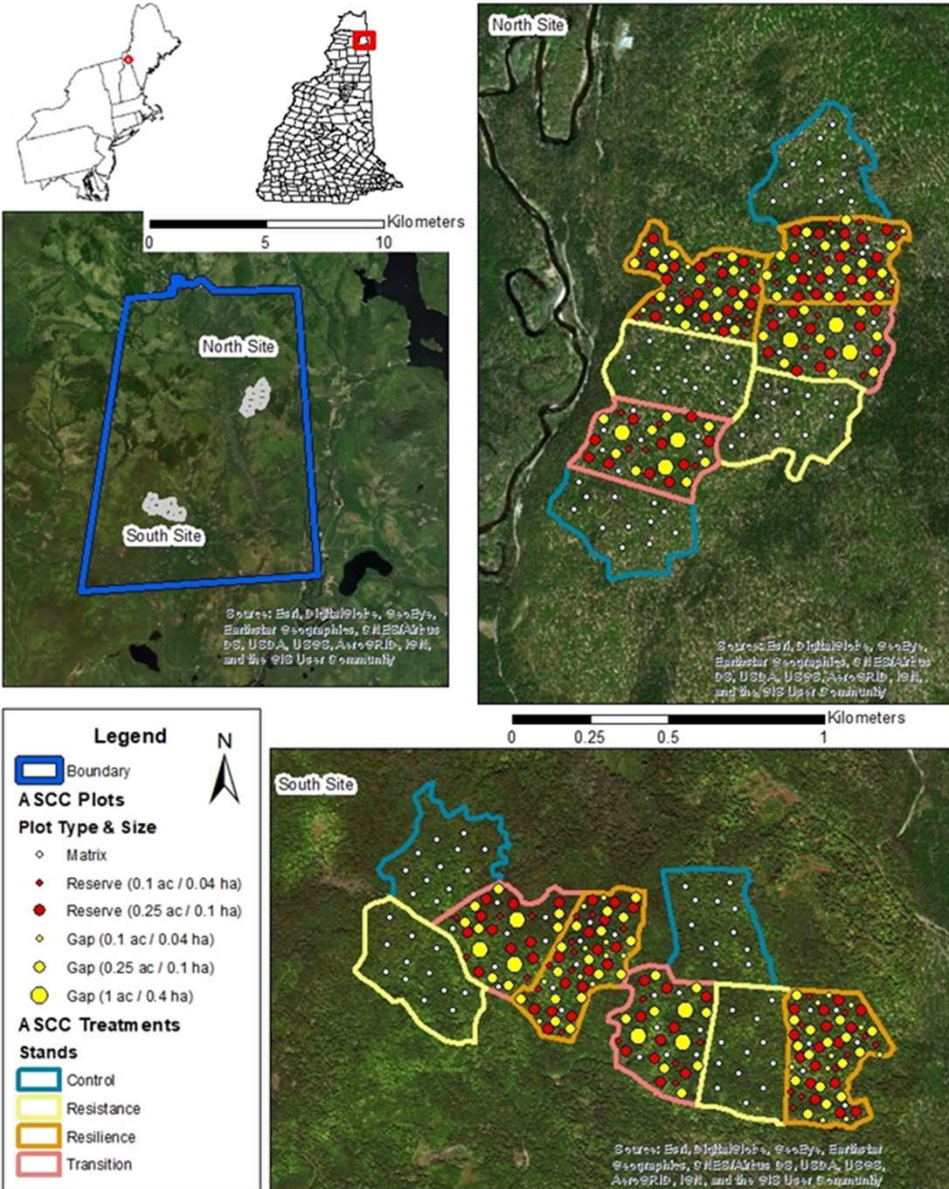
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New England ASCC Installation



Second College Grant ASCC Study Site



Second College Grant

- 27,000 ac property owned and managed by Dartmouth College since 1807
- Dominated by northern hardwoods and mixedwoods
- ASCC study co-developed in 2016

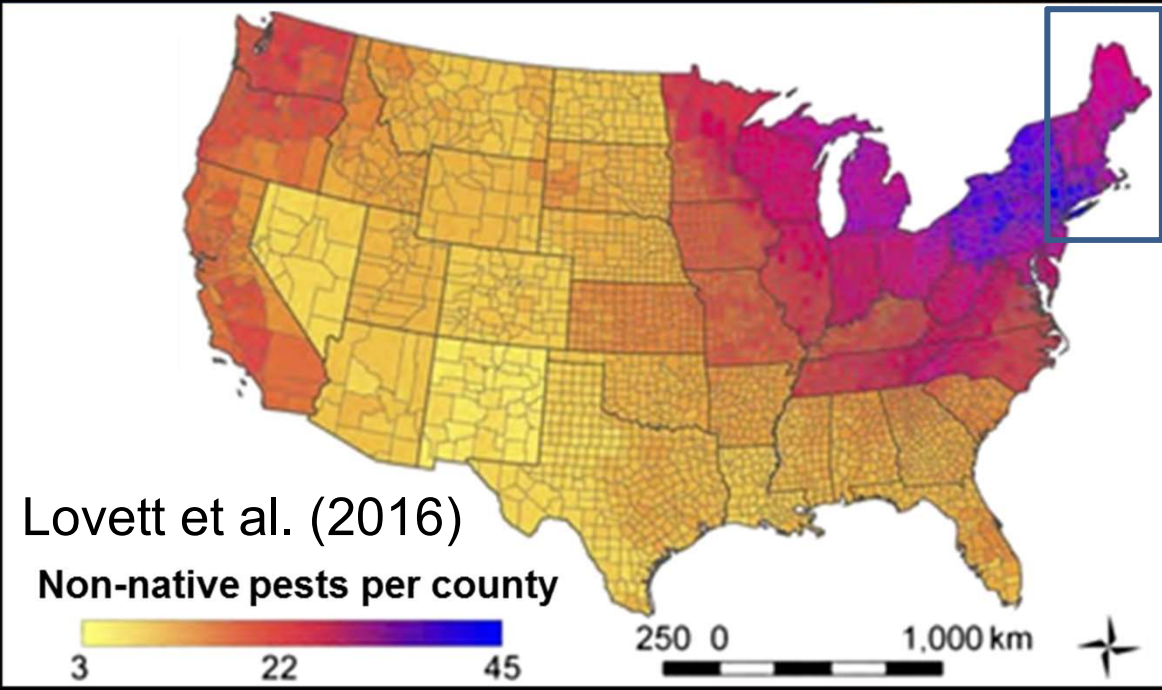
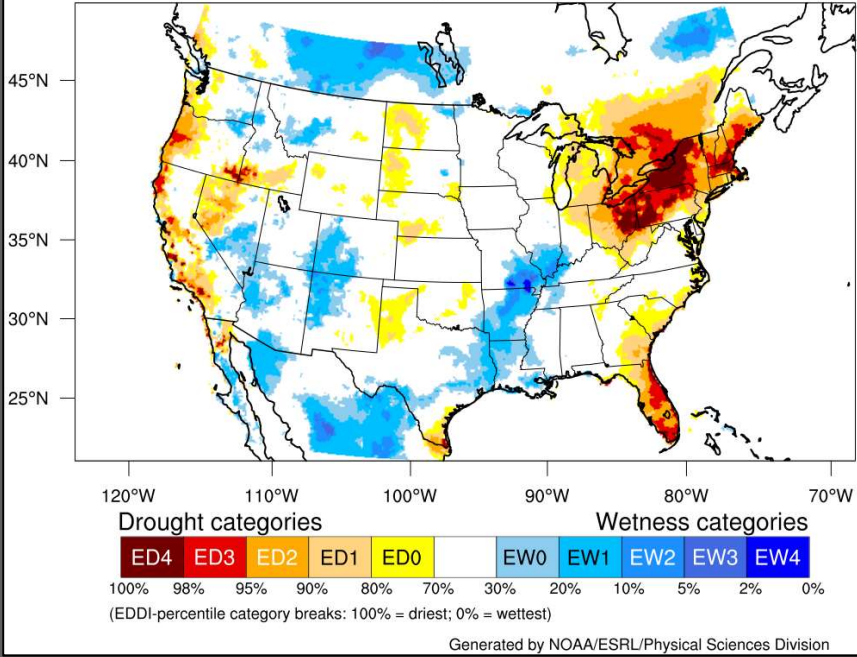




Context for Adaptation



1-month EDDI categories for August 26, 2016



Adaptation Treatments



Treatments (including c

Resistance

Single-tree selection

16-18 m²/ha

Multi-cohort structure

↑ downed dead wood

Favor beech bark disease and ice resistant residual stems



-Increased resource availability to residual trees
-Maintenance of multi-cohort condition, with SM dominance



-Increase downed logs to minimize impacts of hydrologic extremes (downpours/drought)



-Marking priority to favor disease resistant individuals
-Crown forms & species (yellow birch) resistant to ice damage

Adaptation Treatments

Treatments (including controls) replicated 4 times

Resistance

Single-tree selection
16-18 m²/ha
Multi-cohort structure
↑ downed dead wood
Favor beech bark
disease and ice
resistant residual
stems

Resilience

Group selection and
single-tree selection
20% gaps 0.04-0.1 ha
/ **20% reserves** /
matrix of 16-18 m²/ha
Multiple pathways
↑ downed dead wood
↑ wind and ice
resistant species



-Increased heterogeneity in resources & structure via canopy gaps, reserve patches, & single-tree removals
-Multiple response pathways



-Increase representation of ice, drought, & wind resistant spp. (yellow birch, red maple, red spruce) in harvest gaps

Adaptation Treatments



Treatments

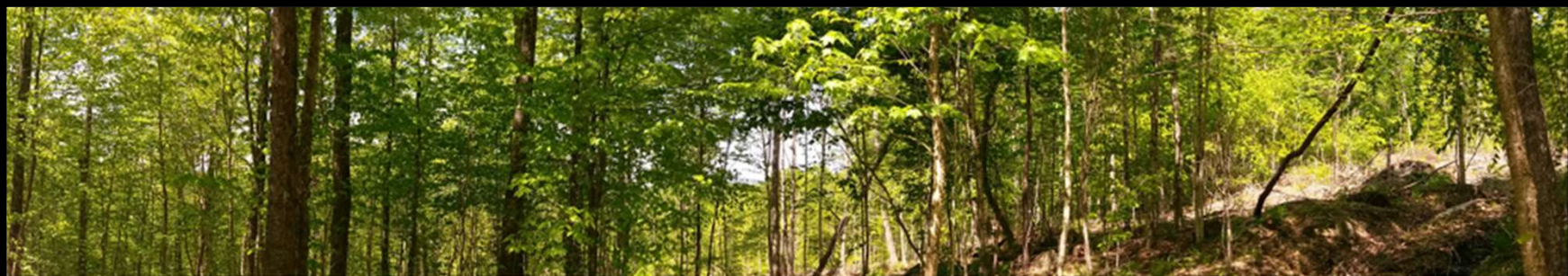
times in 10-ha replicates



- Increase representation of future-adapted species via planting in large gaps
- Within-gap retention of reserves representing key ecological & adaptation functions (beech, red maple, yellow birch, red spruce)

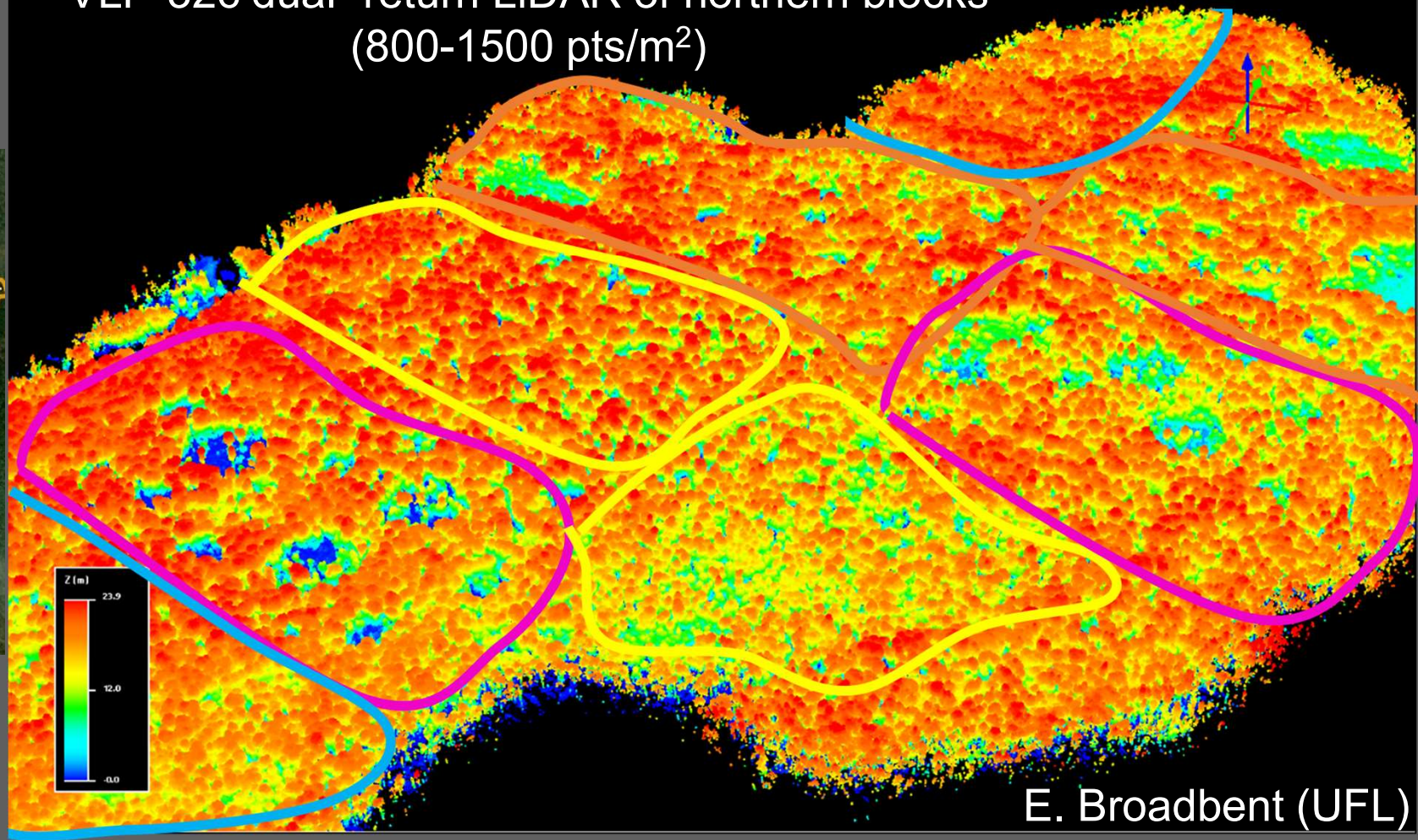
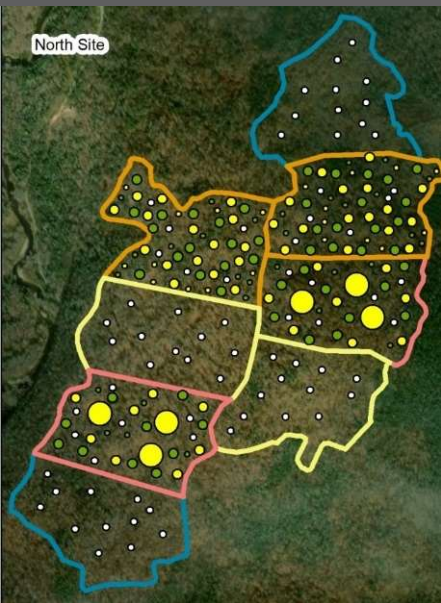
Transition

Continuous cover
irregular
shelterwood
20% gaps 0.1-0.4 ha /
10-20% reserves /
matrix 16-18 m²/ha
↑ **future-adapted
component
through planting**



-Continuous cover irregular shelterwood (variable density thinning) to create heterogeneity, maintain multicohort structure, & provide recruitment opportunity for less tolerant species

VLP-32c dual- return LiDAR of northern blocks (800-1500 pts/m²)






E. Broadbent (UFL)



What is future adapted?

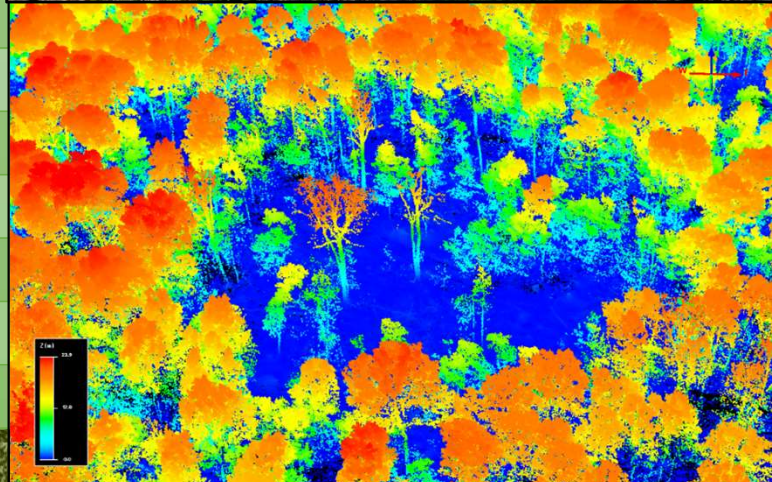


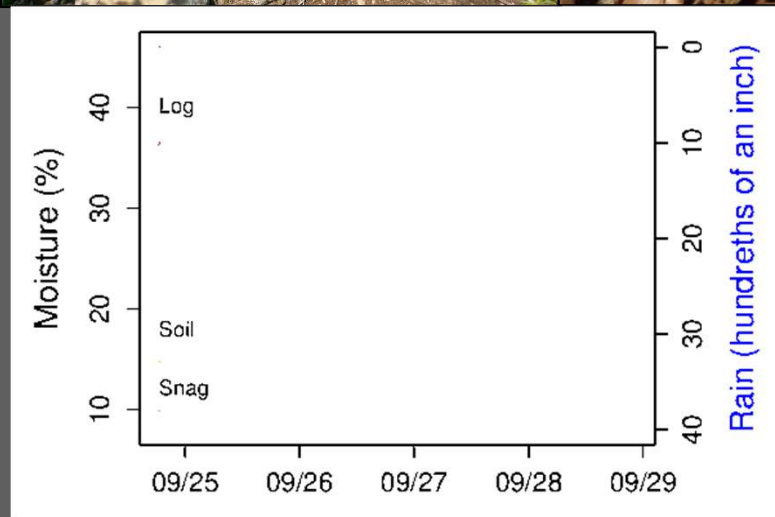
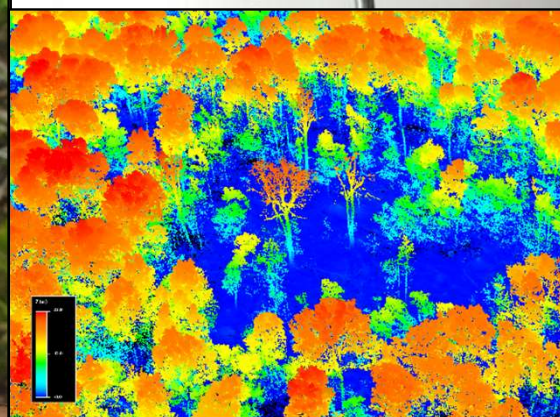
Projected changes in suitable habitat for select tree species at New England ASCC site (northern New Hampshire) by 2100 (Climate Change Tree Atlas)

Decreasing	No change	Increasing
<i>Fagus grandifolia</i>	<i>Pinus strobus</i>	<i>Quercus rubra</i>
<i>Betula alleghaniensis</i>	<i>Populus grandidentata</i>	<i>Betula lenta</i>
<i>Picea rubens</i>	<i>Castanea dentata</i>	<i>Carya cordiformis</i>
<i>Acer saccharum</i>	<i>Acer rubrum</i>	<i>Prunus serotina</i>
<i>Tsuga canadensis</i>		
		

- 6500 bare-root seedlings planted at ASCC
- Planted *only in gaps* within Transition
- Species selected for functional redundancy
- Operational context, not provenance trial

SPECIES	FUTURE HABITAT
<i>Picea rubens</i>	*Decrease
<i>Tsuga canadensis</i>	*Decrease
<i>Pinus strobus</i>	No Change
<i>Populus grandidentata</i>	No Change
B3F3 <i>Castanea dentata</i> (seed)	No Change
<i>Carya cordiformis</i>	Increase
<i>Betula lenta</i>	Increase
<i>Prunus serotina</i>	Increase
<i>Quercus rubra</i>	Increase





Acknowledgements



- **Dartmouth College Woodlands:** K. Evans and R. Patry
- **Co-PIs and Collaborators:** D. Lutz, C. Pries, R. Howarth, M. Ayres (Dartmouth), C. Woodall, B. Palik, D. King, P. Schaberg, C. Swanston, M. Janowiak (USFS), M. Green (USFS/PSU), R. Rowe, R. Stephens (UNH), G. Hawley, J. Pontius (UVM), E. Broadbent (UFL), S. Fraver (USFS/UMaine), T. Morelli (USGS), A. Siren (UMass), L. Nagel (CSU)
- **Field and lab support:** P. Clark, E. Sass, J. Luff, M. Nevins, D. Kastendick, J. Kragthorpe, T. Heffernan
- **Funding:** USFS-Northern Research Station, Northeast Climate Adaptation Science Center, McIntire-Stennis Program, UVM Rubenstein School, Dartmouth College

